

MONTANA CORRECTIONAL ENTERPRISES

MONTANA FISH, WILDLIFE & PARKS PHEASANT PROGRAM BIOSECURITY PLAN



Revised October 17, 2025



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List of Abbreviations

C&D- Cleaning & Disinfection
DEQ- Montana Department of Environmental Quality
DOC- Montana Department of Corrections
DOL- Montana Department of Livestock
DVM- Doctor of Veterinary Medicine
FWP- Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks
HPAI- Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza
LOS- Line of Separation
MCE- Montana Correctional Enterprises
MSP- Montana State Prison
NPPI- National Poultry Improvement Plan
PBA- Perimeter Buffer Area
PWS- Public Water Supply
S&W- Civilian Staff and Inmate Workers
SOP- Standard Operating Procedures

Section 1

Background

DOC-MCE-FWP Pheasant Program is located on DOC-MCE Agricultural property, which is not accessible to the general public. The property is owned and managed by the Department of Corrections, and all staff and visitors must enter through a staffed Check Point location. The Biosecurity Plan takes the restricted access of the property by the public and other staff into consideration.

A Biosecurity Plan is defined here as methods and protocols established to provide safety from transmissible diseases, parasites, and pests. These measures are meant to “prevent viruses, bacteria, fungi, protozoa, parasites, insects, rodents, other mammals and wild birds from entering or surviving and infecting or endangering the well-being of the poultry flocks”. (Disease of Poultry 10th Edition) The following protocols are meant to achieve this goal. The plan for MCE is composed of five sections.

Scope of Biosecurity Plan

1. National Premises Identification Number (Prem ID or PIN): NP111
2. Main premises office address: 350 Conley Lake Rd, Deer Lodge, MT 59722
3. Main premises office GPS coordinates: 46.390663, -112.7971378
4. Breeder Pen GPS coordinates: 46.381113, -112.808753
5. Hatchery GPS coordinates: 46.381677, -112.794714
6. Brooder Barn GPS coordinates: 46.37712, -112.798856
7. Flight Pens GPS coordinates: 46.381810, -112.811154
8. Secondary office address: 4 N Haynes Ave, Miles City, MT 59301
9. Secondary office GPS coordinates: 46.40877, -105.82170
10. Secondary Flight Pens GPS coordinates: 46.408383, -105.817885

Biosecurity Responsibility

The designated Biosecurity Coordinator for the main premises is:

Name: Nick McMaster, DOC-MCE Supervisor

Phone: 406-560-0202

Email: Nicholas.mcmaster@mt.gov

The designated Biosecurity Coordinator for the secondary premises is:

Name: Jeff Lee, DOC-Pine Hills Program Manager

Phone: 406-853-5544

Email: jelee@mt.gov

The backup Biosecurity Coordinator is:

Name: Ross Wagner, DOC-MCE Bureau Chief/Agriculture Director

Phone: 406-560-1337

Email: rwagner2@mt.gov

The Biosecurity Coordinators' contact information is posted on the Department of Corrections' website at cor.mt.gov/MCE/Programs/Agriculture.

DOC-MCE developed the operation-specific biosecurity plan with the assistance of:

Name: Shannon Witt, DVM

Phone: 406-846-1925

Email: shannon@clarkforkvet.com

And

Name: Britta Sekora, MT Dept of Livestock

Phone: 406-444-2892

Email: Britta.sekora@mt.gov

The Biosecurity Coordinators or backup:

1. Develops and supports the implementation of an effective, site-specific biosecurity plan.
2. Oversees and documents that all personnel regularly entering the site have been trained in biosecurity protocols.
3. Have the authority to ensure compliance with biosecurity protocols.
4. Reviews the Biosecurity Plan annually.

Labeled premises and overview maps are included at the end of the Biosecurity Plan and can be found at both the main and secondary offices cited in the scope above.

Employee Training

The Agriculture Director is responsible for the Pheasant Program. A civilian supervisor will oversee daily operations with the assistance of up to 15 inmate workers. All civilian staff and inmate workers (S&W) are required to complete training upon work assignment and annually thereafter. A biosecurity protocol binder will be maintained at the offices.

Topics of training include the following biosecurity criteria and will be maintained in the biosecurity protocol binder:

1. Biosecurity coordinators and contact information.

2. Respect the PBA and follow all biosecurity protocols when entering PBA, including parking in the appropriate areas.
3. Respect the LOS and follow all biosecurity protocols when entering LOS.
4. Perform all biosecurity measures for their specific work assignments.
5. Correct use of Personal Protective Equipment with bi-annual training for both staff and inmates.
6. S&W are to report to work daily in clean clothing.
7. S&W must only move from hatchery to brooder barn to flight pens. Staff who are required to move from older birds to younger birds must go through the Dutch Entrance and follow the appropriate biosecurity protocols.
8. Staff are not allowed to own birds or poultry of any kind outside of work.
9. Staff will not visit other poultry farms or facilities without the knowledge of Agriculture Director and MCE Bureau Chief.
10. Staff who visit other poultry farms or facilities will not return directly to work at the Pheasant Program. A 24-hour downtime is required, and clothing worn at the other farms or facilities may not enter PBA until it is cleaned appropriately.
11. Staff who engage in fishing, trapping and sport hunting are not permitted to bring equipment (boats, canoes, firearms, clothing, etc.) or animal carcasses onto premises.
12. Signed training documentation is kept on record for at least 7 years.

Specific training resources utilized for the above group include, but are not limited to:

1. "Understanding the Line of Separation" video at <https://poultrybiosecurity.org/los-video>
2. "Do Not Bring Disease to the Poultry Site" video at <https://poultrybiosecurity.org/do-not-bring-disease-to-site-video>
3. "Understanding the Perimeter Buffer Area" video at <https://poultrybiosecurity.org/pba-video>
4. Handouts on specific biosecurity measures and procedures at www.poultrybiosecurity.org.

If corrective actions are needed for violations of the biosecurity principles found in this plan, the records will be maintained by the main premises office. Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks (FWP) will be able to access these records at any time upon request.

Section 2

Biosecurity Concepts

Perimeter Buffer Area (PBA) Concept

The PBAs are labeled on the premises at the end of this plan. The PBA prevents vehicles and equipment, that have not been cleaned and disinfected, from contaminating areas near the breeder pens, hatchery, and brooder barn areas. Nonessential vehicles do not enter the PBA and therefore do not need to be cleaned and disinfected each time they arrive at the site.

Nonessential personnel do not enter the PBA.

Depending on the contents of the delivery, deliveries not essential to the site are made outside of the PBA at the premises offices.

PBA Access Point(s)

Entry to the PBA located around the hatchery and brooder barn is restricted to two controlled PBA Access Points for both areas, which are labeled on the premises map at the end of this plan.

The PBA Access Points are clearly marked with signage and protected with a suitable barrier.

Line of Separation (LOS) Concept

The LOS is labeled on the maps at the end of the plan. The location of the LOS limits poultry from contact with potential disease sources, such as livestock, other animals, or wild birds and their feces and feathers.

LOS Access Point(s)

Entry to the operation is restricted to one controlled LOS Access Point into the hatchery and brooder barn, each of which is labeled on the map at the end of this plan. The flight pens each have an LOS Access Point; however, these areas are not controlled due to their location outdoors.

The LOS Access Points are clearly marked with signage.

People crossing through the LOS Access Points must follow specific biosecurity steps described under the Biosecurity Entry Procedure in this plan.

Biosecurity Procedures

Entry Procedure

Defined premises- See Map.

LOS: The perimeter of the hatchery barn and perimeter of the brooder barn.

1. A Dutch entrance is utilized at both main entrances, i.e. remove outside footwear on the incoming or dirty side of the Dutch entrance. Once shoes are removed, people are to swing to the clean side and put on disinfected shoes to be worn only in the barn areas.
2. Outside footwear may not cross the Dutch entrance.
3. Outside footwear must remain outside the biosecurity area of the Dutch entrance.
4. While crossing the LOS, take care not to contaminate clothing, footwear, exposed skin, or other items from one side of the Dutch entrance to the other.
5. Disinfectant foot bath pads are placed at the main entrance and ancillary entrances at both barns. Pads must be walked through prior to entrance.
6. Foot bath pads are to be maintained with clean brushes and solution at the outside doors to the work areas.
7. Fish, Wildlife & Parks (FWP) personnel, veterinarians, and other official visitors) will be given disposable footwear to wear over their personal footwear, after going through the footbath.
8. Ensure hands are clean by washing and sanitizing them. Sanitation stations are located throughout both barns.

Exit Procedure

Individuals crossing the LOS to outside of the building exit through the LOS access point:

1. Remove protective outerwear and disposable footwear.
2. All soiled footwear will be cleaned and disinfected before exiting the clean side of the Dutch entrance.
3. Wash hands.

Vector Control (Wild Birds, Rodents, Insects and other animal control)

There are control measures in place to minimize interaction between pheasants, wild birds, rodents, insects, and other animals.

The Biosecurity Coordinator has designated a worker as a general maintenance, cleaning, and insect/rodent control monitor who effectively implements the written insect control plan described below.

This operation utilizes bait stations to discourage rodents. The bait stations are located across all farm premises, outside of pen interiors. Spacing is approximately 50 feet apart, with a focus on placing them in areas where rodents will travel or can easily hide.

1. Rodent control devices are checked weekly and replenished/replaced as needed.
2. This protocol is in accordance with state, local, and NPIP regulations for controlling rodents.

The following additional control measures are in place to minimize interaction between poultry and other vectors:

1. Weeding and grass control are done as needed.

2. Doors, windows, and vents are screened.
3. Insecticides will be used as needed. Currently, there is no known insect issue, and this will be monitored closely. If an issue arises, appropriate measures will be taken, and this section will be updated with specific methods.
4. Netting, screening, and bird spikes, when appropriate, are used to discourage or prevent roosting and nesting on poultry barns or nearby buildings.
5. There are no open standing water sources within one mile of the Pheasant Flight Pens.
6. Waste eggs and dead birds are removed daily, disposed of at the Compost Site. Numbers of each are logged in log book.
7. Removal of manure in Flight Pens to the Compost Site is done when needed. In this arid climate, this is not anticipated to be a problem, and will be re-evaluated if needed.
8. The sanitation of general areas is completed daily.
9. Trash is removed daily by staff and workers when leaving the premises for the day.
10. The Compost Site is not within 1,000 feet of the Pheasant Program.
11. Fans, baffles, heaters, and louvers are maintained to ensure proper barn ventilation.
12. Leaks from all pipes and plumbing within the facility are monitored regularly and repaired promptly by staff and/or MSP maintenance.
13. Feed spills are cleaned up within 4 hours by staff and workers.
14. We are unable to fully prevent wildlife access to the flight pens, however fencing will be maintained, feed sources will be kept at a minimum to discourage wildlife, and FWP will be contacted if other measures need to be taken.
15. There are no waterfowl areas in the vicinity of the Pheasant Program. In the event this changes, MCE will work with FWP to look at options.
16. Wild bird, rodent, and insect control measures are reviewed during periods of heightened risk, i.e. time of year, increased disease risk and migration numbers.

Designated PBA Parking Area

Only approved agricultural vehicles will enter the PBA. The designated PBA parking areas are located outside of the PBA and are clearly marked with signage and labeled on the premises maps at the end of this document.

Site Dedicated Vehicles and Equipment

Individuals walk or use UTV, Bobcat, or designated Pheasant Program vehicles to move about the site or haul equipment, supplies, or treatment materials once within the PBA.

Sharing of equipment between MCE facilities is discouraged. In rare cases where this may be needed, i.e., in case of emergency, the Biosecurity Coordinator must approve it, and documentation will be maintained for 7 years.

Cleaning and Disinfection (C&D) of Vehicles and Equipment Entering PBA

Any equipment that crosses the hatchery/brooder barn PBA is to be disinfected with an approved product (such as Kenosan or Virocid) utilizing a foam or weed sprayer filled with a dilution according to product specifications. Only MCE Ranch vehicles are allowed within the PBA.

Persons Requiring Access to PBA or LOS

Prior to arriving at the site, individuals who will be entering the PBA and crossing the LOS must take precautions outlined on page 7, under Biosecurity Entry and Biosecurity Exit procedures.

S&W have received biosecurity training, and official visitors and guests have read and signed the agreement to follow all biosecurity procedures described.

Entry Logbook

Upon entering the LOS, Staff will ensure that visitors and guests sign the entry logbook maintained on site and located at the entrance of the brooder barn. Information recorded includes name, date, and purpose of entry.

Visitor Protocol

The public is permitted entrance only to the premises offices as specified in Section 2-Biosecurity Concepts. Visitors will travel from the parking lot in an approved DOC-MCE vehicle.

Any visitor applying for permission to tour the DOC-MCE Pheasant Program operation must sign an agreement to meet the following criteria:

1. Visitors must not have had contact or exposure (defined as a 100-yard radius) to any type of poultry or captive birds within the previous 48 hours.
2. Visitors must shower off MCE premises prior to touring.
3. Visitors must wear clean clothes and shoes.
4. Visitors must be accompanied by an MCE staff member at all times.
5. Visitors are required to wear plastic boot covers on Pheasant Program property.
6. MCE Pheasant Program reserves the right to deny or cancel tours at any point and for any reason.

Bus Tours

Tours with buses that are not the property of the DOC-MCE program are not authorized. If bus tours are requested, all participants must ride on a DOC-MCE bus. Visitors will not be permitted to exit the bus on Pheasant Program premises.

Hatchery Visits

Not permitted to the public.

DOC-MCE and FWP Pheasant Program Visitor Agreement

The general public is permitted to enter only the MCE Administration or Main Office as specified in the Site-Specific Biosecurity section. Visitors will travel from the parking lot in an approved DOC-MCE vehicle.

Any visitor who is applying for permission to tour the DOC-MCE Pheasant Program operation must meet the following criteria and sign this agreement:

1. Visitors must NOT have had contact or exposure (defined as a 100-yard radius) to any type of poultry or captive birds within the last 48 hours.
2. Visitors must shower off MCE premises prior to touring.
3. Visitors must wear clean shoes and clothes.
4. Visitors must always be accompanied by a DOC-MCE staff member.
5. Visitors are required to wear supplied plastic boot covers on DOC-MCE Pheasant Program property.
6. DOC-MCE Pheasant Program reserves the right to deny or cancel tours at any point and for any reason.

Date _____

Reason for Visit _____

Signature _____

Section 3

Standard Biosecurity Plan Biosecurity protocol for times of low disease risk.

Breeder Pen Biosecurity Protocol

1. Fertilized eggs are collected from breeder pens throughout the day.
2. Workers responsible for collecting eggs will hand off collected eggs to workers on the clean side of the Dutch Entrance and will not cross the entrance without following the strict biosecurity procedures outlined in this document.
3. Staff and workers may only move from younger birds to older birds when performing any duties with bird contact (feeding, pen maintenance, mortality checks, etc.)
4. Pheasant Personnel only are allowed in the vicinity of the breeding pens. Any other DOC personnel must contact the MCE Bureau Chief, Ag Director, or Pheasant Supervisor to gain access to the site.

Hatchery Biosecurity Protocol

1. All utilized hatchery equipment is cleaned and disinfected after each hatching season.
2. All hatchery debris is collected and transported to MCE composting site through door marked 'Incubator Room' after each hatch.
3. Staff and workers who enter the hatchery must follow the strict biosecurity procedures outlined in this document.
4. After hatchery worker receives eggs from Breeder Pen worker, he will rinse them, if necessary, and set the eggs, fat side up, into a clean egg flat.
5. Eggs are put in the cooler until adequate eggs are gathered to fill an incubator shelf.
 - a. Cooler will be set between 55 and 60 degrees Fahrenheit. A constant temperature must be maintained.
6. When eggs are ready to be moved from cooler to incubator/hatcher, they are washed and disinfected to alleviate bacteria, prior to being placed in the incubator/hatcher.
7. Staff and workers may only move from hatchery to brooding barn then to flight pens when performing any duties involving bird contact (feeding, pen maintenance, mortality checks, etc.)
8. At no time can any person move from the flight pens to the brooder barn and/or hatchery without going to the Dutch Entrance area and starting the process from the beginning.

Brooder Barn Biosecurity Protocol

1. All brooder barn debris is collected and taken out the rear of the barn through the door marked 'Brooder Barn Debris and Emergency Exit'. Debris is transported to MCE Composting site located >.5 miles from hatchery and brooder barns.
2. Staff and workers may only move from hatchery to brooder barn then to flight pens when performing any duties with bird contact (feeding, pen maintenance, mortality checks, etc.)
3. At no time can any person move from the flight pens to the brooder barn and/or hatchery without going to the Dutch Entrance area and starting the process from the beginning.

Flight Pens

As the flight pens are outdoors, no specific cleaning and disinfecting protocols exist for staff and workers to cross the LOS.

1. Staff and workers may not visit the breeder pens, hatchery, brooder barn, or flight pens without following the strict biosecurity procedures outlined in this document.
2. Hand sanitizer will be available in all MCE Agriculture vehicles and must be utilized prior to exiting the vehicle to enter the flight pen LOS.

Deliveries

There will not be any deliveries from outside sources made to the Pheasant Program PBAs. All deliveries will be made to the MCE Administration Office or locations outside the PBAs.

Deliveries within the PBA will be made by MCE Agriculture vehicles after following C&D protocols.

Pheasant Transports from MCE Program

1. FWP is responsible for all transportation of pheasants.
2. FWP trailer, including tires, will be washed and disinfected at the Ranch 1 Parking Lot Area in Deer Lodge and the area in yellow of the attached map in Miles City.
3. MCE Staff will take the FWP trailer attached to a washed and disinfected MCE vehicle to the Flight Pen Catch Area of the Flight Pens and load the transport boxes onto the trailer, securing the load and ensuring that the trailer has adequate ventilation and cooling for a successful transport.
4. MCE Staff will bring the trailer back to the respective staging area and:
 - a. MCE Staff will fill out the transport log and FWP Driver will sign the logbook.
 - b. The log will include:
 - i. Name of Driver
 - ii. Name of MCE Staff member
 - iii. Date and time of pickup
 - iv. Number of pheasants in transport
 - v. Description and condition of FWP vehicle and trailer
 - vi. Location birds will be delivered to
 - vii. Weather conditions
 - viii. Other pertinent information

Mortality and Disposal

Mortalities will be collected and disposed of daily. They are documented in the log book along with the date. If there is no apparent reason for death, e.g., mechanical malfunction, abrupt weather or temperature change, the veterinarian will be notified for recommendations.

1. Mortalities will be taken to the composting site located >.5 miles from hatchery and brooder barns and >1 mile from flight pens.
2. Dead birds (normal mortality numbers) are disposed of by burial within the composting pile, which prevents the attraction of wildlife, rodents, and other scavengers, minimizing

the potential for cross-contamination from other facilities, between premises, and is in accordance with State and Federal laws.

3. Transport containers are large trash bins.
4. Vehicles used for hauling mortalities in transport containers to composting site will not cross the PBA.
5. The transport containers will be disinfected immediately after use.
6. In the event of large number of mortalities in a non-disease situation, (toxicity, ventilation failure, mechanical failure or malfunction, etc.), mortalities will be refrigerated offsite, and the veterinarian will be notified.
7. Staff will assess the mortality and determine if mortality/morbidity is within acceptable parameters, >20% of pen number.
8. The listed biosecurity primary contacts are notified if mortality/morbidity is deemed above acceptable parameters, see flow chart on page 19.
9. When disease agents are suspected,, i.e. sick, disoriented, breathing difficulty, immobile birds, a sample of fresh mortality is held in an offsite refrigerator for veterinary examination and relevant diagnostic samples are submitted for laboratory testing.

Manure and Litter Management

Manure removed from Brooder Barn is transported to the compost site.

The stocking density of the pheasants in the Flight Pens is such that they will not need to be cleaned. After pheasant release, flight pens will be tilled and replanted.

For any litter/manure that is stored onsite, attraction of wild birds, rodents, insects, and other animals is mitigated by storing litter in sealed containers, ensuring proper seals on all doors and windows and following the biosecurity protocols outlined in this document.

State, local and designated regulations are met.

Operation specific manure handling equipment is used, and equipment is not shared with other operations unless necessary. In cases where it is necessary, cleaning and disinfection protocols will take place.

Cleaning and Disinfection of the Brooder Barn Between Production Groups

When manure and litter are completely removed from the Brooder Barn, the area will undergo complete cleaning and disinfection with Kenosan, then Virocid, as defined in the site-specific Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) before new birds are introduced.

The SOPs can be found at the Brooder Barn and MCE Administration Office. In addition, all Pheasant Program Staff and locations will be provided with a binder that includes the Biosecurity Plan and SOPs.

Replacement Poultry

Chicks will be raised on-site from MCE breeding stock. The initial breeding stock will be sourced from a National Poultry Improvement Program (NPIP) certified breeder. If, for any reason, new breeding stock is purchased and introduced, this protocol will be reviewed and updated. All birds would be purchased from an NPIP-certified breeder.

Individuals involved in the transport of replacement poultry would follow all biosecurity protocols listed.

All movements of birds, cages, dollies, and other containers occur through the designated PBA and LOS access points.

Water Supplies

Drinking water and water used for evaporative cooling are sourced from well water located on site.

All water sources are tested regularly and properly maintained by DOC Maintenance, using the listed protocol provided by DOC Maintenance:

The water at Montana State Prison/Montana Correctional Enterprises is provided from wells and is not under the influence of groundwater. DOC Maintenance performs testing per Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) protocol for a Public Water Supply (PWS) at eight sample sites provided by DEQ. Testing takes place monthly at two different water sites. The routine water samples are tested for the presence or absence of Total Coliform and E. Coli. Results are kept on file and can be found on the DEQ website, <https://deqrpts.deq.mt.gov/reports/rwservlet>.

Feed and Replacement Shavings

All feed products will be in sealed bags or totes, delivered to a secondary location and stored in the DOC-MCE Warehouse. Feed products will also be grown on MCE Farmland and stored in on-site grain bins once harvested. Feed rations are mixed onsite, delivered via a covered feed trailer, and dispersed through tubes to the Brooder Barn and/or flight pens. Biosecurity protocol measures in place will be followed during these times.

Shavings for the Brooder Barn are delivered to a secondary location and stored in the DOC-MCE Warehouse. Shavings are in sealed bags and moved to the Brooder Barn annually or as needed. Delivery will follow all biosecurity protocols.

Elevated Biosecurity Plan**Biosecurity protocol for times of increased disease risk or suspected reportable disease outbreak within MCE Pheasant Program property boundaries**

In addition to the standard level biosecurity protocols, direct contacts will be notified by telephone.

Direct contacts include:

1. Staff and workers on suspect farm.
2. Dr. Shannon Witt, DVM, at Clark Fork Veterinary emergency number: 360-271-5373, or during regular business hours at 406-846-1925.
3. FWP personnel to include Stevie Burton at 406-594-7354.

Indirect contacts will be emailed a notification, may include MSP Central Control, if necessary.

Critical Biosecurity Plan**Biosecurity protocol instituted after confirmation of reportable disease outbreak within MCE Pheasant Program property boundaries**

In addition to the elevated level of biosecurity, direct contacts will be notified by telephone and will include:

1. Department of Corrections Director at 406-444-3069.
2. Fish, Wildlife & Parks Veterinarian at 406-444-2892.
3. Department of Livestock Veterinarian at 406-444-2043.

Biosecurity Signature Page

This Biosecurity Plan has been designed and approved by the following:

Ross Wagner 9-23-25
 Ross Wagner, DOC-MCE Bureau Chief Date

Stevie Burton 10/14/2025
 Stevie Burton, FWP- Project Specialist Date

Dr. Shannon Witt, DVM 10/9/25
 Dr. Shannon Witt, DVM Date

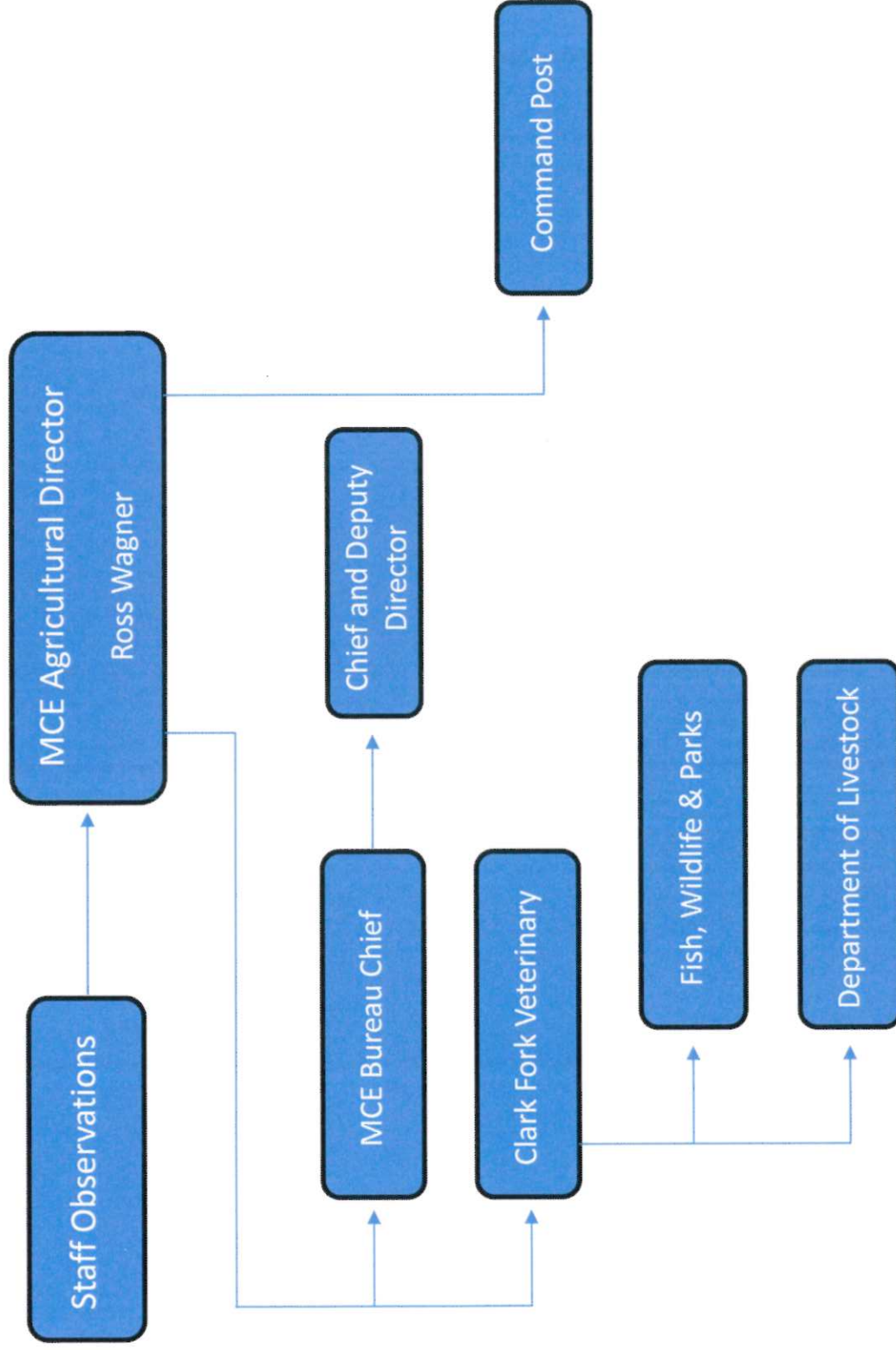
Tahnee Szymanski,
DVM
 State of Montana, DVM

Digitally signed by Tahnee Szymanski, DVM
 Date: 2025.10.17 13:55:37 -06'00'

Date

Section 4

Excessive Sickness or Death Flow Chart



Section 5

Hatchery Map

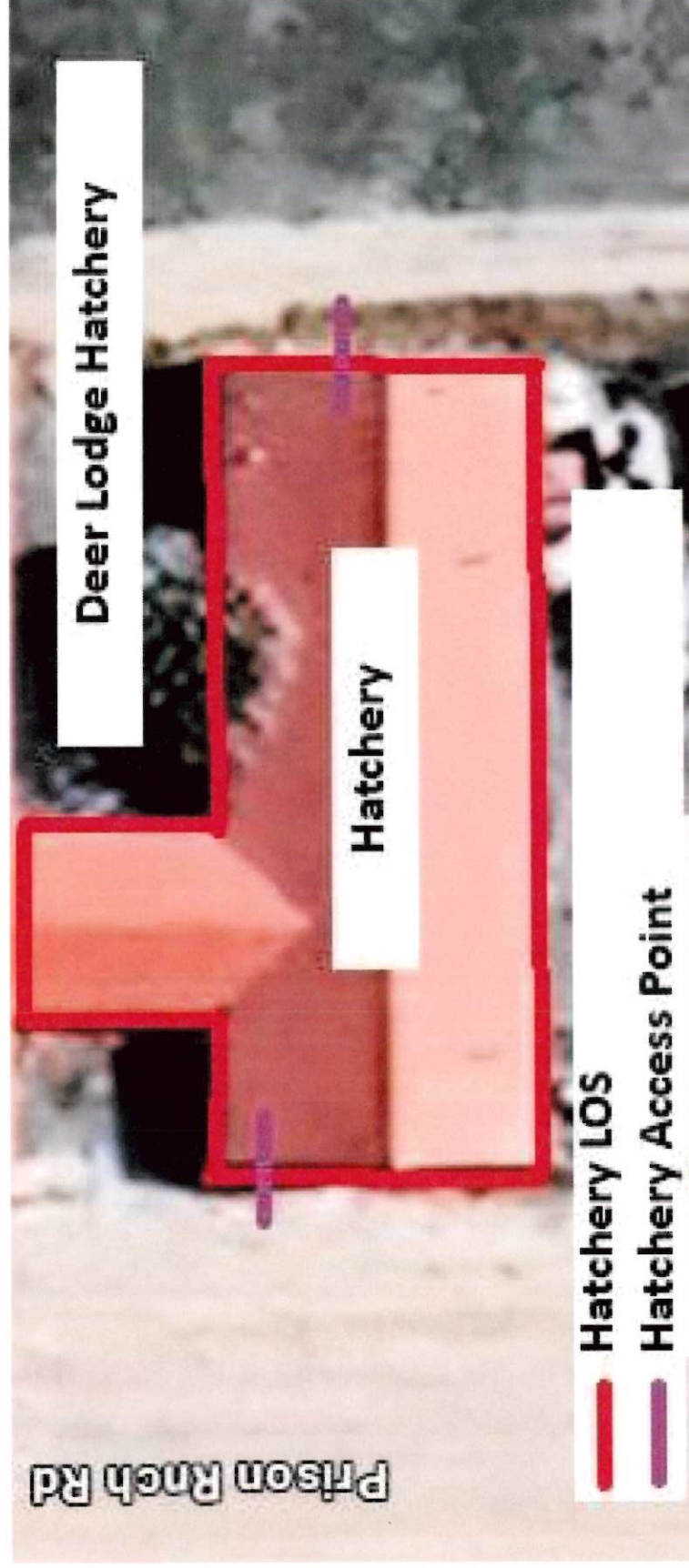


Figure 1: Deer Lodge Hatchery Premises Map

Brooder Barn and Breeder Pen Map

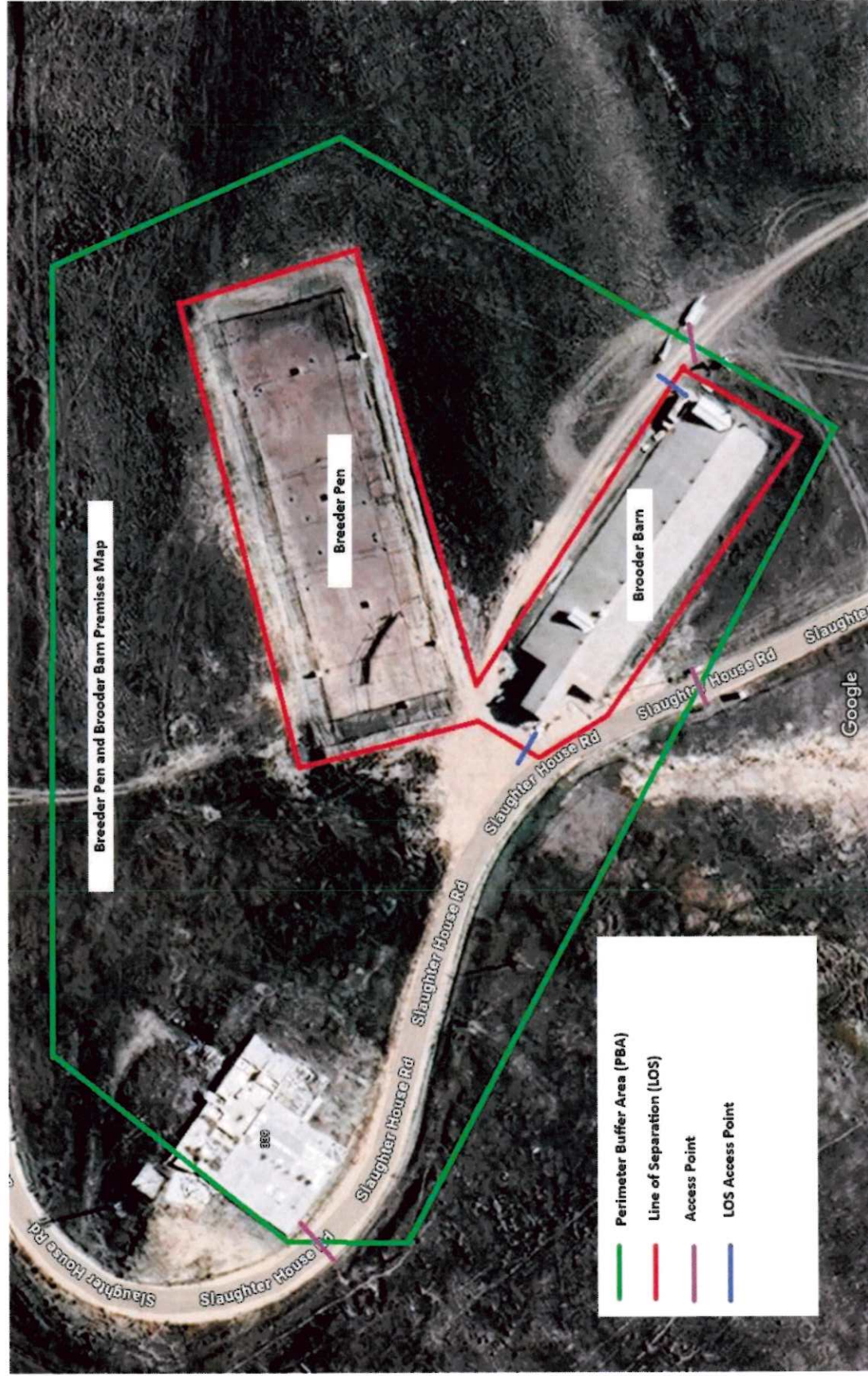


Figure 2: Deer Lodge Brooder Barn and Breeder Pen Premises Map

5 South Last Chance Gulch
PO Box 201301
Helena, MT 59620-1301

Phone: (406) 444-3930
Fax: (406) 444-4920
www.cor.mt.gov



Figure 3: Deer Lodge Flight Pen Premises Map

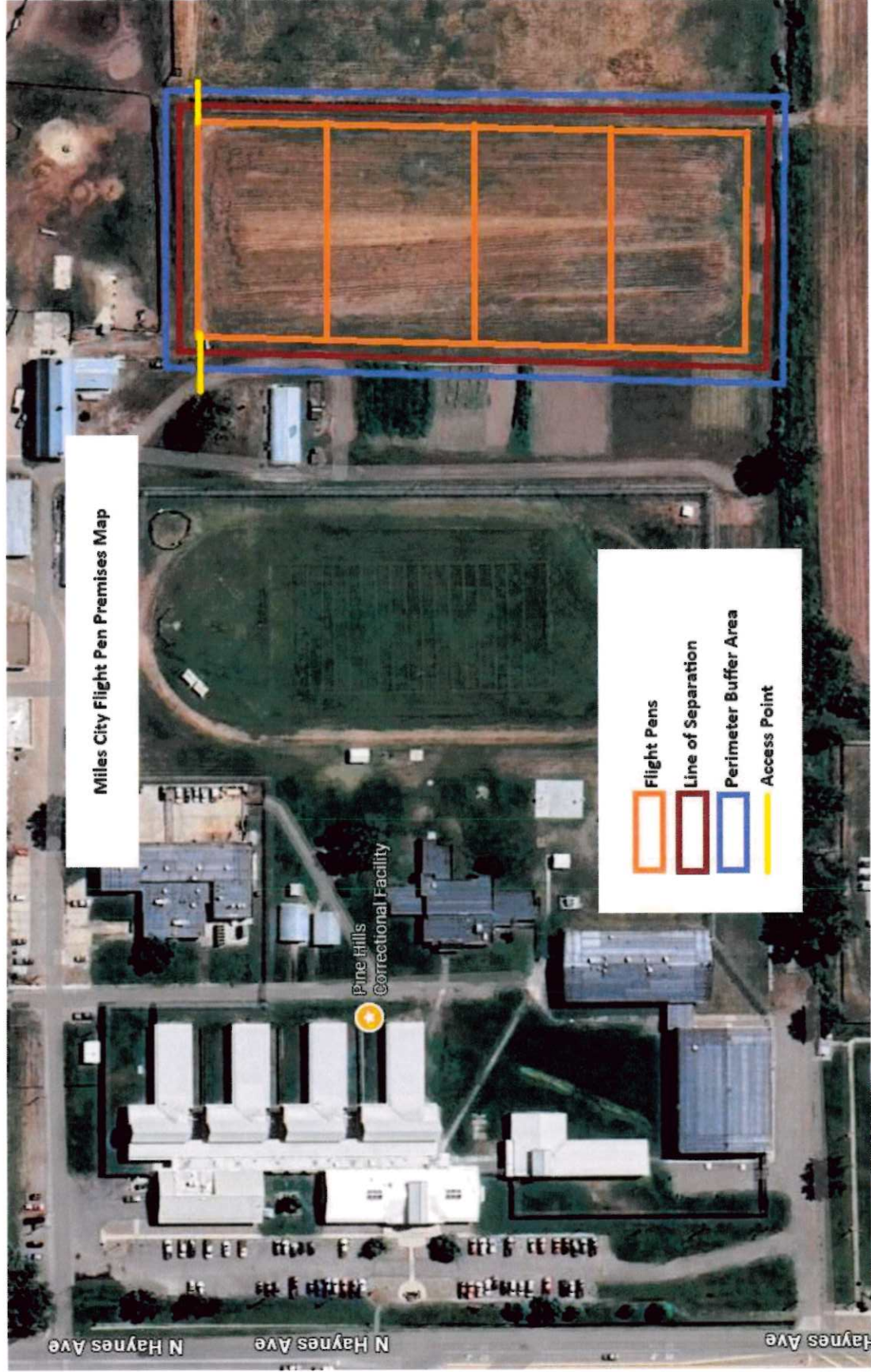


Figure 4: Miles City Flight Pen Premises Map

5 South Last Chance Gulch
PO Box 201301
Helena, MT 59620-1301

Phone: (406) 444-3930
Fax: (406) 444-4920
www.cor.mt.gov



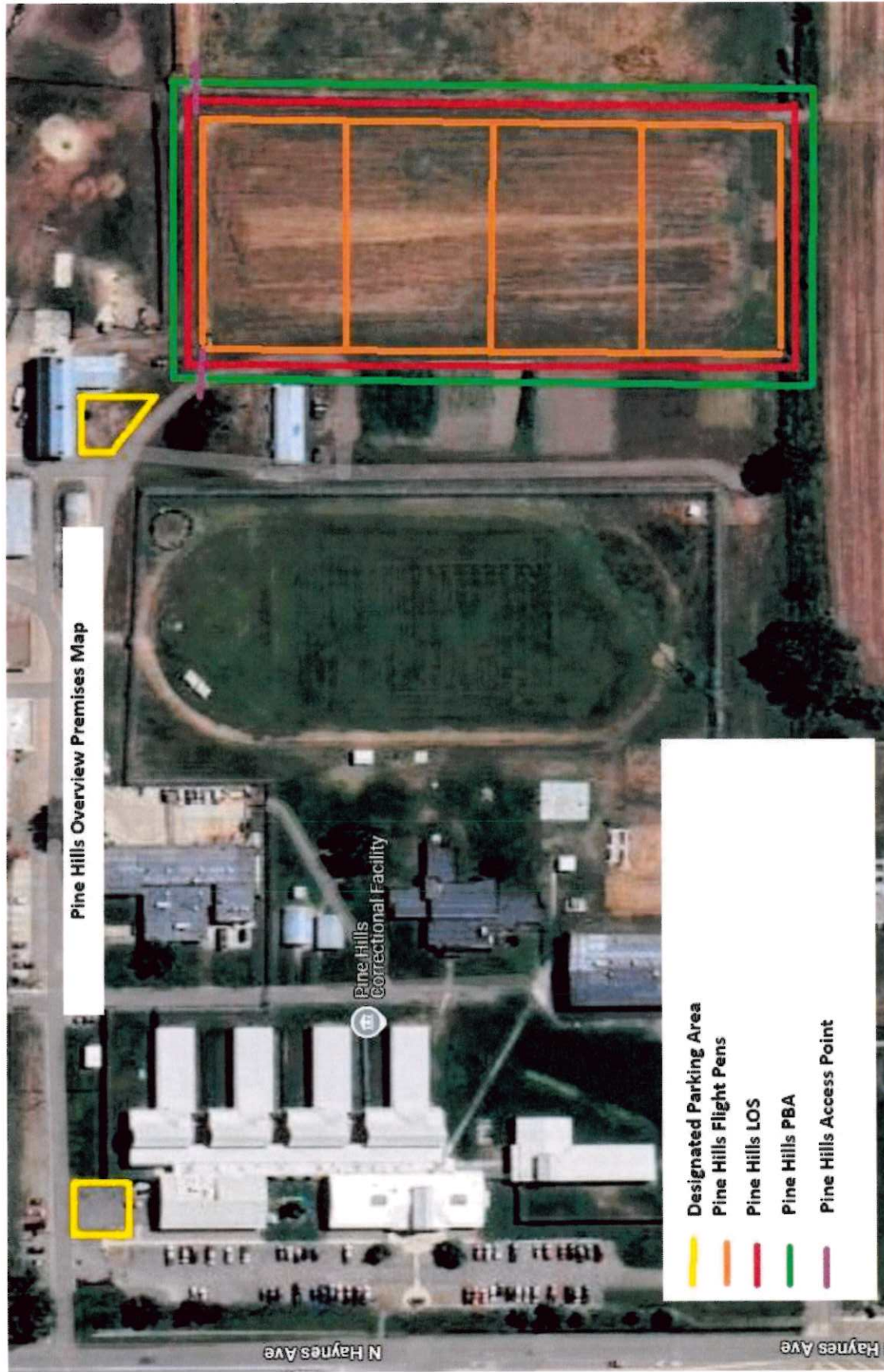


Figure 6: Miles City Overview Premises Map

5 South Last Chance Gulch
PO Box 201301
Helena, MT 59620-1301

Phone: (406) 444-3930
Fax: (406) 444-4920
www.cor.mt.gov